



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS

ldress:	COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
	P.O. Box 1450
	Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
	www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/776,244	02/02/2001	Andrew Conway	208.1001.02	8154
22883	22883 7590 03/29/2004		EXAM	INER
	KY LAW GROUP PO	BOOKER, KELVIN E		
P.O. BOX 390 MOUNTAIN	013 VIEW, CA 94039-001:	4039-0013	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		2121	6
			DATE MAILED: 03/29/200-	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		/1.				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
·	09/776,244	CONWAY ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Kelvin E Booker	2121				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period volume to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timed within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 Fe	ebruary 20 <u>01</u> .					
,	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-37 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-37 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 1-37 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	vn from consideration. r election requirement.					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other: <u>Detailed Offic</u>	ate latent Application (PTO-152)				

Application/Control Number: 09/776,244

Art Unit: 2121

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 1-37 are objected to because the disclosed claims are replete with punctuation and grammatical errors. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 1-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The terms "relatively unlikely" and "relatively likely" in **claims 1, 14 and 24**; and the term "relatively nonlocal" in **claims 2, 3, 15, 16, 31 and 32** are relative terms which render the claims indefinite. The terms "relatively unlikely", "relatively likely and "relatively nonlocal" are not defined by the claims, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention.

Further, claims 1 and 30 provide for the use of generating a hypothesized relationship about genes, but, since the claims do not set forth any steps involved in the methods/processes, it is unclear what methods/processes applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite

Art Unit: 2121

where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

4. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

5. Claims 1-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the invention as disclosed in claims 1, 14, 24 and 30 are directed to non-statutory subject matter. While the claims are in the technological arts, they are not limited to practical applications in the technological arts.

Specifically, **claims 1 and 30** focus on a series of steps to be performed on a computer, but the ideas are disclosed abstractly from any particular practical application. The claims are directed towards a method for *generating a hypothesized relationship about genes*, but fail to provide the steps necessary to enable the claimed process.

Further, claims 14 and 24, focus on an apparatus and memory, respectively, wherein the elements are recited in means plus function format, however the claims fail to define a statutory specific machine. A machine or manufacture or system claim may be one of two types: (1) a claim that encompasses any and every machine for performing the underlying process or any and every manufacture that can cause a computer to perform the underlying process, or (2) a claim that defines a specific machine or manufacture. When a claim is of the first type, Office personnel are to evaluate the underlying process the computer will perform in order to determine the patentability of the product.

Application/Control Number: 09/776,244

Art Unit: 2121

The mere fact that a hardware element is recited in the claim does not necessarily limit the claim to a specific machine or manufacture. If a product claim encompasses any and every computer implementation of a process, when read in light of the specification, it should be examined on the basis of the underlying process. Such a claim can be recognized, as it will define the physical characteristics of a computer or computer component exclusively as functions or steps to be performed on or by a computer, and encompass any and every product in the stated class, configured in any manner to perform the process.

Claims that define a computer related invention as a specific machine or specific article of manufacture must define the physical structure of the machine or manufacture in terms of its hardware or hardware and "specific software." The applicant may define the physical structure of a programmed computer or its hardware or software components in any manner that can be clearly understood by a person skilled in the relevant art. Generally a claim drawn to a particular programmed computer should identify the elements of the computer and indicate how those elements are configured in either hardware or a combination of hardware and specific software.

To constitutionally interpret the word "process", the Supreme Court has held that: "***A process is a mode of treatment of certain materials to produce a given result. It is an act, or a series of acts, performed upon the subject matter to be transformed and reduced to a different state or thing. ***The Process requires that certain things should be done with certain substances, and in a certain order; but the tools to be used in doing this may be a secondary consequence."(emphasis added) Diamond, Commission of Patents and Trademarks v. Diehr and Lutton, 209 USPQ 1, 6 (1981) quoting Cochrane v. Deener, 94 U.S. 780, 787-788 (1876).

Application/Control Number: 09/776,244

Art Unit: 2121

This Constitutional interpretation of the word "process" is a long-standing one that the Supreme Court requires to be applied in interpreting 35 USC 101. Diamond v. Diehr at 6. Consequently, the us of that interpretation is Constitutionally required when we interpret the Federal Circuit's standard that a "new and useful process" is one that produces a useful, concrete, and tangible result". Cf. State Street Bank & Trust Co. v. Signature Financial Group, Inc., 47 USPQ2d 1596, 1600-1601 (Fed. Cir. 1998).

Applicant discloses no "certain substances" that have been "transformed or reduced" in that applicant's claims disclose no specific computer-readable medium, no manipulation of specific data representing physical objects or activities (pre-computer activity), nor do they disclose any specific independent physical acts being performed by the invention (post-computer activity).

Conclusion

- 6. The following prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:
 - A. Balaban et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,687,692;
 - B. Balaban et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,185,561;
 - C. Guyon et al., U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2003/0172043;
 - D. Craford et al., U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2003/0097222;
 - E. Kim et al., U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2002/0087275; and
- F. Scherf et al., "A Gene Expression Database For The Molecular Pharmacology of Cancer".

Application/Control Number: 09/776,244 Page 6

Art Unit: 2121

7. An inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Kelvin Booker whose telephone number is (703) 308-4088. The examiner

can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:00 AM-5:30 PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Anil Khatri, can be reached on (703) 305-0282. The fax number for the organization

where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

An inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

K.E.B.

Art Unit 2121

March 16, 2004

Wilbert L. Starks, Jr.
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2121